

巴基斯坦学者认为中国经济完全可以应对疫情带来的影响

中央广电总台国际在线 2020-02-13 06:30:25

Link: <http://news.cri.cn/2020-02-13/5646a857-2712-3940-e0a4-80fe49e84d80.html>



巴基斯坦学者亚瑟尔·马苏德 刘畅 摄

国际在线报道（记者

刘畅）：中国的新冠肺炎疫情也牵动着巴基斯坦人的心。12号，巴基斯坦学者亚瑟尔·马苏德

在接受中央广播电视总台记者采访时表示，中国政府为防止疫情扩散做出了最大努力，中国经济完全有能力面对疫情带来的挑战，全世界都应该与中国一起，共克时艰。

亚瑟尔·马苏德曾任巴基斯坦卓越智库中心主任，一年前开始前往北京、到对外经贸大学读博士，疫情爆发之初，他还在学校读书和任教，因此对中国政府在疫情防控中采取的严格措施深有体会。“我观察到整个中国都在与病毒作斗争，中国政府和社会所做的努力已经超过了世界卫生组织对他们的要求。在我离开北京之前，学校管理部门一天三次到我们的房间测量我们的体温，如果有学生有发烧的情况或者其它相关症状，他们就会带他去医院。我相信，中国政府采取的严格措施为其它国家应对流行病的爆发树立了一个榜样。”

作为研究中国问题的学者，亚瑟尔·马苏德认为，虽然疫情在短期内会影响中国经济，但中国经济的巨大优势会逐渐抵消疫情带来的负面影响。“中国国内市场巨大，人口众多，中国一直在进行科技创新，推进‘一带一路’建设，为发展中国家和发达国家作出贡献，所以中国有很多的机会来迎接挑战。而且中国正处于互联网商务时代，消费者越来越多地在网上购物，疫情导致的线下销售的减少可能会被在线购物的增加所抵消。”

亚瑟尔·马苏德认为，纵观上世纪九十年代和本世纪初的两次全球经济危机，中国都能化挑战为机遇，这一次也不例外。在控制疫情之后，中国经济会形成更为强劲的“经济免疫系统”，更好地应对突发紧急事件。这包括更有效的政策手段、更丰富的资源以及更好的生产和物流能力。“中国的政策制定者仍然有货币和财政扩张的空间，银行部门的准备金率相对较高，与世界上其他国家相比，公共部门债务占国内生产总值的比例仍然可控。中国政府可以在必要时通过利用这一政策空间减少疫情带来的最终影响。”

亚瑟尔·马苏德说，新冠肺炎疫情提醒我们，在这个全球化的世界里，我们必须同舟共济、共同应对跨国的挑战，而一个协调一致的国际政策可以帮助控制病毒，减少疫情对经济的影响，中国已经在尽力履行它对全世界的责任，全世界也有责任帮助中国战胜疫情。“许多国家都承认中国采取了及时的预防措施，这些措施不仅是为了保护中国人民，而且也是为了防止病毒向其他国家扩散，他们已经把病毒防控做到了最高水平。我认为，现在其他国家应该携手合作，在困难时期帮助中国。”

编辑：韩基韬

Pakistani scholar believes that China's economy can fully cope with the impact of the Epidemic

CCTV International Online 2020-02-13 06:30:25



Pakistani scholar Yasir Masood

Photo by Liu Chang

International Online Report (Reporter Liu Chang): China's new crown pneumonia epidemic also affects the hearts of Pakistanis. On the 12th, Pakistani scholar Yasir Masood said in an interview with a reporter from China Central Radio and Television that the Chinese government has made its best efforts to prevent the spread of the epidemic, and the Chinese economy is fully capable of facing the challenges brought about by the epidemic. We should work with China to overcome the difficulties together.

Yasir Masood used to be the director of the Pakistan Center for Excellence in Think Tanks. A year ago, he started going to Beijing to study for a doctorate at the University of International Business and Economics. At the beginning of the outbreak, he was still studying and teaching at the school with strict measures. "I have observed that the whole of China is fighting the virus, and the efforts of the Chinese government and society have exceeded the World Health Organization's requirements for them. Before I left Beijing, the school administration came to

our room three times a day to measure our Body temperature, if a student has a fever or other related symptoms, they were taking him to the hospital. I believe that the strict measures taken by the Chinese government have set an example for other countries to deal with epidemic outbreaks.”

As a scholar who studies China issues, Yasir Masood believes that although the epidemic will affect the Chinese economy in the short term, the huge advantages of the Chinese economy will gradually offset the negative impact of the epidemic. "China has a huge domestic market and a large population. China has been carrying out technological innovation, promoting the construction of the 'Belt and Road', and contributing to developing and developed countries, so China has many opportunities to meet challenges. And China is in the era of Internet commerce. , consumers are increasingly shopping online, and the reduction in offline sales caused by the outbreak may be offset by an increase in online shopping."

Yasir Masood believes that throughout the two global economic crises in the 1990s and early 2000s, China was able to turn challenges into opportunities, and this time was no exception. After the epidemic is under control, China's economy will form a stronger "economic immune system" to better cope with emergencies. This includes more effective policy instruments, more abundant resources, and better production and logistics capabilities. “China’s policymakers still have room for monetary and fiscal expansion, the banking sector has a relatively high reserve requirement ratio, and public sector debt to GDP remains manageable compared to the rest of the world. The Chinese government can minimize the eventual impact of the outbreak by using this policy space when necessary."

Yasir Masood said that the new crown pneumonia epidemic reminds us that we must work together to deal with transnational challenges in this globalised world, and a coordinated international policy can help control the virus and reduce the impact of the epidemic on the economy. China is already doing its best to fulfil its responsibility to the world, and the world has a responsibility to help China overcome the epidemic. "Many countries have acknowledged that China has taken timely preventive measures, which are not only to protect the Chinese people, but also to prevent the spread of the virus to other countries, and they have taken virus prevention and control to the highest level. I think now other countries should work together to help China in difficult times."

Editor: Han Jitao